GRADE 6

GRADE LEVEL STANDARD

The learners demonstrate applied and critical literacy in consolidating receptive and productive skills; use literal and implied meanings in composing literary and informational texts; use a range of reference materials to compose narrative, expository, and persuasive texts with simple, compound, and complex sentences; create simple survey forms for specific purposes; use tone and mood, and verbal and non-verbal cues for clarity of purpose and meaning appropriate to age, gender and culture; and use visual and multimedia elements to derive meaning from and produce multimedia texts for specific purposes.

QUARTER 1

	The learners demonstrate their word knowledge as used in formal and informal situations; knowledge of grammatical
CONTENT	structures; literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; composing and creating text
STANDARDS	skills; and knowledge of non-verbal cues and propaganda techniques in order to produce culture-based texts based on
	one's purpose, context, and target audience.
	The learners apply literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; produce culture-
PERFORMANCE	based texts: narrative, expository, and persuasive texts appropriate for their purpose, context (Indigenous People and
STANDARDS	regional celebrations), and target audience using simple, compound, and complex sentences, and age-appropriate and
	gender-sensitive language.

SUBDOMAINS		LEARNING COMPETENCIES	
	EN	6LR-I-1 Comprehend literary texts.	
	1	noting important elements (story grammar)	
	2	sequencing at least 8 events	
Listening and	3	identifying type of plot: flashback	
Reading (receptive skills)		analyzing figures of speech to get and clarify meaning	
(receptive dittio)	4	a hyperbole	
		b irony	
	5	inferring: author's purpose, message, target audience	

	6	making predictions: possible ending			
	7	drawing conclusions			
	8	identifying the main idea			
	9	summarizing story events			
	10	applying the important story elements to one's schema: learning vicariously from the text			
	EN	5LR-I-2 Comprehend informational texts.			
	1	noting important information through outlining (topic, main idea, supporting details): inductive-deductive organization (diamond)			
	2	identifying text types: persuasive			
		identifying author's purpose			
	3	a entertain			
	3	b inform, explain, describe			
		c persuade			
	4	drawing conclusions			
	5	making generalizations			
	6	making a summary			
	7	distinguishing fact from opinion (statements of facts, opinions, and fact-based statements of opinion)			
		identifying propaganda technique used to persuade audience to further an idea or agenda			
	8	a name calling or labelling			
	0	b glittering generalities			
		c transfer			
	EN	SSW-I-1 Use words with literal (denotative) and implied (connotative) meanings in sentences.			
Speaking and	1	using context clues: punctuation			
Writing	2	using general references (print and online): almanac			
(productive skills)	EN6SW-I-2 Compose appropriate sentences for clarity and coherence.				
	1	using kinds of verbs: intransitive			
	2	using tenses of verbs			

		perfect
	а	present
		past
		future
	3	using prepositional phrases as adjective (adjectival phrase)
	4	using adverbs: order of adverbs (manner, place, frequency, time, purpose)
		using complement
	5	a noun
	٦	b pronoun
		c adjective
	6	composing compound-complex sentences
		6SW-I-3 Produce text with introduction, body, and conclusion in conveying ideas: providing idence to support information.
		6SW-I-4 Express ideas appropriately (age-appropriate, gender-responsive, culture sensitive) for e's purpose, context, and target audience.
		using text types
	1	a narrative
		b persuasive
	EN	6SW-I-5 Use appropriate non-verbal cues for clarity of context, purpose, and meaning.
	1	using facial expressions
	2	using gestures
	3	using eye contact
	4	using haptics
	5	using posture
	6	using proxemics and blocking
		6SW-I-6 Create simple survey forms based on purpose: personal data information (print).
Viewing and	EN	6VR-I-1 Derive meaning based on the visual elements.
Representing	1	identifying the purpose of the visual text
8	2	analyzing how visual elements contribute to the meaning of a text

EN	6VR	-I-2 Evaluate cultural appropriateness of visual elements.
EN	6VR	-I-3 Create a visual text drawn from visual elements learned.
EN	6VR	2-I-4 Identify multimedia elements.
1	vic	leo (clip, film, tv ads, slide show, etc.)
2	an	imation (two-dimensional, three-dimensional)
EN	6VR	2-I-5 Derive meaning for multimedia elements learned.
1	ide	entifying the author's purpose
2	an	alyzing how multimedia elements contribute to the meaning of a text
	de	termining ideas that are explicitly used to influence viewers
3	a	author's point of view/stand
	b	propaganda technique used
EN	EN6VR-I-6 Create a multimedia text drawn from multimedia elements learned.	

GRADE 6 – QUARTER 2

	The learners demonstrate their word knowledge as used in formal and informal situations; knowledge of grammatical
CONTENT	structures; literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; composing and creating text
STANDARDS	skills; and knowledge of non-verbal cues and propaganda techniques in order to produce culture-based texts based on
	one's purpose, context, and target audience.
	The learners apply literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; produce culture-
PERFORMANCE	based texts: narrative, expository, and persuasive texts appropriate for their purpose, context (Indigenous People and
STANDARDS	regional celebrations), and target audience using simple, compound, and complex sentences, and age-appropriate and
	gender-sensitive language.

SUBDOMAINS		LEARNING COMPETENCIES
	EN	6LR-II-1 Comprehend literary texts.
	1	noting important elements (story grammar)
	2	sequencing at least 8 events
	3	identifying type of plot: flashback
	4	analyzing figures of speech to get and clarify meaning: irony
	5	inferring: author's purpose, message, target audience
	6	making predictions: possible ending
Listening and Reading	7	drawing conclusions
(receptive skills)	8	identifying the main idea
(9	summarizing story events
	10	applying the important story elements to one's schema: learning vicariously from the text
	EN	6LR-II-2 Comprehend informational texts.
	1	noting important information through outlining (topic, main idea, supporting details): inductive-deductive organization (diamond)
	2	identifying text types: persuasive
	3	identifying author's purpose

		a entertain	
		b inform, explain, describe	
		c persuade	
	4	drawing conclusions	
	5	making generalizations	
	6	making a summary	
	7	distinguishing fact from opinion (statements of facts, opinions, and fact-based statements of opinion)	
		identifying propaganda technique used to persuade audience to further an idea or agenda	
	8	a testimonies/ testimonials	
	0	b plain folks	
		c bandwagon	
	EN6SW-II-1 Use words with literal (denotative) and implied (connotative) meanings in sentences.		
	1	using general references (print and online): directories (acronyms and abbreviations used by organizations)	
	EN6SW-II-2 Compose appropriate sentences for clarity and coherence.		
	1	using kinds of verbs: intransitive	
		using tenses of verbs	
		perfect	
Speaking and Writing	2	a present	
(productive skills)		past	
(p. 6 coccessor & Gressor)		future	
	3	using prepositional phrases as adjective (adjectival phrase)	
	4	using complement	
		a noun	
		b pronoun	
	<u> </u>	c adjective	
	5	composing compound-complex sentences	

		EN6SW-II-3 Produce text with introduction, body, and conclusion in conveying ideas: providing evidence to support information.		
		EN6SW-II-4 Express ideas appropriately (age-appropriate, gender-responsive, culture sensitive) for one's purpose, context, and target audience.		
		using text types		
	1	a narrative		
		b persuasive		
	EN	6SW-II-5 Use appropriate non-verbal cues for clarity of context, purpose, and meaning.		
	1	using facial expressions		
	2	using gestures		
	3	using eye contact		
	4	using haptics		
	5	using posture		
	6	using proxemics and blocking		
	EN6SW-II-6 Create simple survey forms based on purpose: open-ended survey forms (print).			
		6VR-II-1 Derive meaning based on the visual elements.		
	1	identifying the purpose of the visual text		
	2	analyzing how visual elements contribute to the meaning of a text		
		6VR-II-2 Evaluate cultural appropriateness of visual elements.		
		6VR-II-3 Create a visual text drawn from visual elements learned.		
Viewing and		6VR-II-4 Identify multimedia elements.		
Representing	1	video (clip, film, tv ads, slide show, etc.)		
	2	animation (two-dimensional, three-dimensional)		
	EN	6VR-II-5 Derive meaning for multimedia elements learned.		
	1	identifying the author's purpose		
	2	analyzing how multimedia elements contribute to the meaning of a text		
	3	determining ideas that are explicitly used to influence viewers		
		a author's point of view/stand		

	propaganda technique used
EN6	R-II-6 Create a multimedia text drawn from multimedia elements learned.

GRADE 6 – QUARTER 3

	The learners demonstrate their word knowledge as used in formal and informal situations; knowledge of grammatical
CONTENT	structures; literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; composing and creating text
STANDARDS	skills; and knowledge of non-verbal cues and propaganda techniques in order to produce culture-based texts based on
	one's purpose, context, and target audience.
	The learners apply literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; produce culture-
PERFORMANCE	based texts: narrative, expository, and persuasive texts appropriate for their purpose, context (Indigenous People and
STANDARDS	regional celebrations), and target audience using simple, compound, and complex sentences, and age-appropriate and
	gender-sensitive language.

SUBDOMAINS		LEARNING COMPETENCIES		
	EN	6LR-III-1 Comprehend literary texts.		
	1	noting important elements (story grammar)		
	2	sequencing at least 8 events		
	3	identifying type of plot: flashback		
	4	analyzing figures of speech to get and clarify meaning: irony		
	5	inferring: author's purpose, message, target audience		
	6	making predictions: possible ending		
Listening and	7	drawing conclusions		
Reading	8	identifying the main idea		
(receptive skills)	9	summarizing story events		
	10	applying the important story elements to one's schema: learning vicariously from the text		
	EN6LR-III-2 Comprehend informational texts.			
	1	noting important information through outlining (topic, main idea, supporting details): inductive-deductive organization (diamond)		
	2	identifying text types: persuasive		
	3	identifying author's purpose		
		a entertain		

		b	inform, explain, describe	
		С	persuade	
	4	dra	awing conclusions	
	5	ma	aking generalizations	
	6		aking a summary	
	7		stinguishing fact from opinion (statements of facts, opinions, and fact-based statements of inion)	
		ide	entifying propaganda technique used to persuade audience to further an idea or agenda	
	8	а	fear	
		b	half-truths or spin	
	EN6SW-III-1 Use words with literal (denotative) and implied (connotative) meanings in sentences.			
	1	us	ing general references (print and online): handbooks and manuals	
	EN6SW-III-2 Compose appropriate sentences for clarity and coherence.			
	1	us	ing kinds of verbs: intransitive	
	2	us	ing tenses of verbs	
			perfect	
			present	
Speaking and		a	past	
Writing			future	
(productive skills)	3	us	ing prepositional phrases as adverbs (adverbial phrase)	
	4	us	ing complement	
		а	noun	
		b	pronoun	
		С	adjective	
	5	CO	mposing compound-complex sentences	
			V-III-3 Produce text with introduction, body, and conclusion in conveying ideas: providing ce to support information.	

	EN6SW-III-4 Express ideas appropriately (age-appropriate, gender-responsive, culture sensitive) for one's purpose, context, and target audience.				
		using text types			
	1	a narrative			
		b persuasive			
	EN6SW-III-5 Use appropriate non-verbal cues for clarity of context, purpose, and meaning.				
	1	using facial expressions			
	2	using gestures			
	3	using eye contact			
	4	using haptics			
	5	using posture			
	6	using proxemics and blocking			
	EN6	6SW-III-6 Create simple survey forms based on purpose: interview survey forms (oral).			
	EN	5VR-III-1 Derive meaning based on the visual elements.			
	1	identifying the purpose of the visual text			
	2	analyzing how visual elements contribute to the meaning of a text			
	EN6VR-III-2 Evaluate cultural appropriateness of visual elements.				
	EN6VR-III-3 Create a visual text drawn from visual elements learned.				
	EN6	5VR-III-4 Identify multimedia elements.			
Winner and	1	video (clip, film, tv ads, slide show, etc.)			
Viewing and Representing	2	animation (two-dimensional, three-dimensional)			
-10F1000-1-1-1-B	EN6VR-III-5 Derive meaning for multimedia elements learned.				
	1	identifying the author's purpose			
	2	analyzing how multimedia elements contribute to the meaning of a text			
		determining ideas that are explicitly used to influence viewers			
	3	a author's point of view/stand			
		b propaganda technique used			
	EN6VR-III-6 Create a multimedia text drawn from multimedia elements learned.				

GRADE 6 – QUARTER 4

	The learners demonstrate their word knowledge as used in formal and informal situations; knowledge of grammatical
CONTENT	structures; literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; composing and creating text
STANDARDS	skills; and knowledge of non-verbal cues and propaganda techniques in order to produce culture-based texts based on
	one's purpose, context, and target audience.
	The learners apply literal, inferential, and critical comprehension of literary and informational texts; produce culture-
PERFORMANCE	based texts: narrative, expository, and persuasive texts appropriate for their purpose, context (Indigenous People and
STANDARDS	regional celebrations), and target audience, using simple, compound, and complex sentences, and age-appropriate and
	gender-sensitive language.

SUBDOMAINS	LEARNING COMPETENCIES			
	EN6LR-IV-1 Comprehend literary texts.			
	1	noting important elements (story grammar)		
	2	sequencing at least 8 events		
	3	identifying type of plot: flashback		
	4	analyzing figures of speech to get and clarify meaning: irony		
	5	inferring: author's purpose, message, target audience		
	6	making predictions: possible ending		
Listening and	7	drawing conclusions		
Reading	8	identifying the main idea		
(receptive skills)	9	summarizing story events		
	10	applying the important story elements to one's schema: learning vicariously from the text		
	EN6LR-IV-2 Comprehend informational texts.			
	1	noting important information through outlining (topic, main idea, supporting details): inductive-deductive organization (diamond)		
	2	identifying text types: persuasive		
	3	identifying author's purpose		
		a entertain		

	b	inform, explain, describe		
	С	persuade		
4	l d	drawing conclusions		
5	5 n	making generalizations		
6	o n	making a summary		
7	,	distinguishing fact from opinion (statements of facts, opinions, and fact-based statements of opinion)		
	ic	lentifying propaganda technique used to persuade audience to further an idea or agenda		
8	3 a	bad logic/unwarranted extrapolation		
	b	card stacking		
E		6SW-IV-1 Compose appropriate sentences for clarity and coherence.		
1	u	sing kinds of verbs: intransitive		
	u	sing tenses of verbs		
		perfect		
2	$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ a \end{vmatrix}$	present		
		past		
		future		
3		sing prepositional phrases as adverbs (adverbial phrase)		
	u	sing complement		
4	a			
	b	P - C - C - C		
	С	suger a constant		
5		composing compound-complex sentences		
	EN6SW-IV-2 Produce text with introduction, body, and conclusion in conveying ideas: providing evidence to support information.			
	EN6SW-IV-3 Express ideas appropriately (age-appropriate, gender-responsive, culture sensitive) for one's purpose, context, and target audience.			
1	u	sing text types		
1	а	narrative		

	b persuasive			
	EN6SW-IV-4 Use appropriate non-verbal cues for clarity of context, purpose, and meaning.			
	1 using facial expressions			
	2 using gestures			
	3 using eye contact			
	4 using haptics			
	5 using posture			
	6 using proxemics and blocking			
	EN6SW-IV-5 Create simple survey forms based on purpose: online survey forms (digital).			
	EN6VR-IV-1 Derive meaning based on the visual elements.			
	1 identifying the purpose of the visual text			
	2 analyzing how visual elements contribute to the meaning of a text			
	EN6VR-IV-2 Evaluate cultural appropriateness of visual elements.			
	EN6VR-IV-3 Create a visual text drawn from visual elements learned.			
	EN6VR-IV-4 Identify multimedia elements.			
¥7::	1 video (clip, film, tv ads, slide show, etc.)			
Viewing and Representing	2 animation (two-dimensional, three-dimensional)			
Representing	EN6VR-IV-5 Derive meaning for multimedia elements learned.			
	1 identifying the author's purpose			
	2 analyzing how multimedia elements contribute to the meaning of a text			
	determining ideas that are explicitly used to influence viewers			
	3 a author's point of view/stand			
	b propaganda technique used			
	EN6VR-IV-6 Create a multimedia text drawn from multimedia elements learned.			