CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
I. Elements: 1. SHAPES 1.1 letters and geometric shapes 2. COLORS 2. 1 primary blended with secondary and intermediate colors	demonstrates understanding of shapes, colors, and the principles of contrast and harmony through the use of new media in creating audio-video art and product or package	creates an actual 3-D digitally- enhanced paper bag for a product or brand. applies concepts on the use of new technologies (hardware and software) in creating an audio-video art/animation.	 The learner 6. realizes that art processes, elements and principles still apply even with the use of technologies. 7. appreciates the elements and principles applied in 	A6PL-IVe	
II. Principles:3. CONTRAST3.1 of shapes and colors	design.		audio-video art. 8. applies concepts on the use of the software (commands, menu, etc.)	A6PR-IVf	
4. HARMONY 4.1 of letters, shapes, colors III. Process:			9. utilizes art skills in using new technologies (hardware and software)	A6PR-IVg	
5. SCULPTURE – PACKAGE/PRODUCT DESIGN (paper bag) 6. NEW MEDIA – AUDIO-VIDEO ART or ANIMATION (electronic collage)			10. creates an audio-video art /animation promoting a product.	A6PR-IVh	

GRADE 7

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
GRADE 7- FIRST QUARTER					
Arts and Crafts of Luzon (Highlands and Lowlands)	The learner	The learner	The learner		OHSP Arts Module Q1 – Lesson 3,4
 Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation Architectures 	art elements and processes by synthesizing and applying prior	1. create artworks showing the characteristic elements of the arts of Luzon (highlands and lowlands)	analyze elements and principles of art in the production of one's arts and crafts inspired by the	A7EL-Ib-1	,

	CONTENT		PERFORMANCE				LEARNING
CONTENT	STANDARDS		STANDARDS	ı	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	MATERIALS
4. Sculptures (gods/rituals)	knowledge and skills				arts of Luzon (highlands		
5. Everyday objects			bit completed artworks		and lowlands)		
	2. the salient features		ppreciation and	2	identify characteristics of		MISOSA5-module4
I. Elements of Art	of the arts of Luzon	critic	quing		arts and crafts in specific		
6. Line	(highlands and				areas in Luzon (e.g., papier		OHSP Arts Module
7. Shape and Form	lowlands) by showing				mâché [taka] from Paete,		Q1- Lesson 2
8. Value	the relationship of				Ifugao wood sculptures	A7EL-Ia-2	
9. Color	the elements of art				[bul'ul], Cordillera jewelry		
10. Texture	and processes among				and pottery, tattoo, and		
11. Space	culturally diverse				Ilocos weaving and pottery		
	communities in the				[burnay], etc.)		
II. Principles of Art	country						
12. Rhythm, Movement				3.	reflect on and derive the		
13. Balance	3. the Philippines as				mood, idea, or message	A7PL-Ih-1	
14. Emphasis	having a rich artistic				emanating from selected		
15. Harmony, Unity,	and cultural tradition				artifacts and art objects		
Variety	from precolonial to			4.	appreciate the artifacts and		OHSP Arts Module
16. Proportion	present times				art objects in terms of their		Q1
III. Process					uses and their distinct use	A7PL-Ih-2	
17. Drawing and Painting					of art elements and		
18. Sculpture and Assemblage					principles		
19. Mounting an exhibit:				5	incorporate the design,		
19.1 Concept					form, and spirit of the	_	
19.2 Content / labels	1. art elements and				highland/lowland artifact	A7PL-Ih-3	
19.3 Physical layout	processes by				and object in one's creation		
Arts and Crafts of Luzon	synthesizing and	1.	create artworks				
(Highlands and Lowlands)	applying prior		showing the	6	trace the external (foreign)		OHSP Arts Module
1. Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries	knowledge and skills		characteristic elements		and internal (indigenous)		Q1
2. Crafts and Accessories, and			of the arts of Luzon		influences reflected in the		~
Body Ornamentation	2. the salient features		(highlands and		design of an artwork and in	A7PL-Ih-4	
3. Architectures	of the arts of Luzon		lowlands)		the making of a craft or		
4. Sculptures (gods/rituals)	(highlands and		1.00		artifact		
5. Everyday objects	lowlands) by showing	2.	exhibit completed		-		

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
I. Elements of Art 6. Line 7.Shape and Form 8. Value 9. Color	the relationship of the elements of art and processes among culturally diverse communities in the country	artworks for appreciation and critiquing	7. create crafts that can be locally assembled with local materials, guided by local traditional techniques (e.g., habi, lilip, etc).	A7PR-Ic-e-1	OHSP Arts Module Q1
10.Texture 11.Space II.Principles of Art	3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition		8. derive elements from traditions/history of a community for one's artwork	A7PR-If-2	
12.Rhythm, Movement 13.Balance 14.Emphasis 15.Harmony, Unity, Variety 16.Proportion III. Process 17.Drawing and Painting 18.Sculpture and Assemblage	from precolonial to present times		9. shows the relationship of the development of crafts in specific areas of the country, according to functionality, traditional specialized expertise, and availability of resources (e.g. pottery, weaving, jewelry, baskets)	A7PR-If-3	OHSP Arts Module Q1
19.Mounting an exhibit: 19.1 Concept 19.2 Content / labels 19.3 Physical layout Arts and Crafts of Luzon (Highlands and Lowlands) 1. Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries 2. Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation 3. Architectures	 art elements and processes by synthesizing and applying prior knowledge and skills the salient features of the arts of Luzon 	1. create artworks showing the characteristic elements of the arts of Luzon (highlands and lowlands)	10. show the relationship of Luzon (highlands and lowlands) arts and crafts to Philippine culture, traditions, and history (Islamic influences, Spanish heritage, and American legacies in education, business, modernization, and entertainment, as well as in indigenous practices, fiestas, and religious and social practices)	A7PR-Ih-4	

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
4. Sculptures (gods/rituals) 5. Everyday objects II. Elements of Art 6. Line 7. Shape and Form 8. Value 9. Color 10. Texture 11. Space II. Principles of Art 12. Rhythm, Movement 13. Balance 14. Emphasis 15. Harmony, Unity, Variety 16. Proportion III. Process 17. Drawing and Painting 18. Sculpture and Assemblage 19. Mounting an exhibit: 19.1 Concept 19.2 Content / labels 19.3 Physical layout	(highlands and lowlands) by showing the relationship of the elements of art and processes among culturally diverse communities in the country 3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition from precolonial to present times	2. exhibit completed artworks for appreciation and critiquing Output Description: Ou	11. mount an exhibit using completed Luzon (highlands and lowlands)-inspired arts and crafts in an organized manner	A7PR-Ig-5	
GRADE 7- SECOND QUARTER					
Arts and Crafts of MIMAROPA (Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, and Palawan) and the Visayas 1. Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries	The learner 1. art elements and processes by synthesizing and	The learner create artwork showing the characteristic elements of the arts of MIMAROPA and the	1. analyze elements and principles of art in the production one's arts and	A7EL-IIb-1	OHSP Arts Module Q1

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
2. Crafts and Accessories, and	applying prior	Visayas	crafts inspired by the arts		
Body Ornamentation	knowledge and skills		of MIMAROPA and the		
3. Architectures			Visayas		
4. Sculptures (gods/rituals)	2. the salient features of				
5. Everyday objects	the arts of		2. identify characteristics of		
	MIMAROPA and the		arts and crafts in specific		
I. Elements of Art	Visayan Islands by		areas in MIMAROPA and		
6. Line	showing the		the Visayas, Marinduque		
7. Shape and Form	relationship of the		(Moriones masks),		
8. Value	elements of art and		Palawan (Manunggul Jar),		
9. Color	processes among		Mindoro (Hanunuo-	A7EL-IIa-2	
10. Texture	culturally diverse		Mangyan writing,		
11. Space	communities in the		basketry, and weaving),		
II. Principles of Art	country		Bohol (churches), Cebu		
11. Principles of Art	3. the Philippines as		(furniture), Iloilo (culinary arts and old houses),		
12. Rhythm, Movement	having a rich artistic		Samar (Basey mats), etc.		
13. Balance	and cultural tradition		Sallial (basey mats), etc.		
14. Emphasis	from precolonial to		3. reflect on and derive the		
15. Harmony, Unity, Variety	present times		mood, idea or message	A7PL-IIh-1	
Proportion	present arres		emanating from selected	A/PL-IIII-I	
			artifacts and art objects		
III. Process			artifacts and art objects		
16. Drawing and Painting			4. appreciate the artifacts		
17. Sculpture and Assemblage			and art objects in terms of		
18. Mounting an exhibit:			its utilization and its	A7PL-IIh-2	
18.1 Concept			distinct use of art		
18.2 Content / labels			elements and principles		
18.3 Physical layout					
Arts and Crafts of MIMAROPA	 art elements and 	create artwork showing the	5. incorporate the design,	A7PL-IIh-3	
(Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon,	processes by	characteristic elements of the	form and spirit of artifacts	A/PL-11N-3	
and Palawan) and the Visayas	synthesizing and	arts of MIMAROPA and the	and art objects from		
	applying prior	Visayas	MIMAROPA and the		
1. Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries	knowledge and		Visayas		
	skills				

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
2.Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation 3. Architectures 4. Sculptures (gods/rituals) 5. Everyday objects I. Elements of Art 6. Line	2. the salient features of the arts of MIMAROPA and the Visayan Islands by showing the relationship of the elements of art		6. trace the external (foreign) and internal (indigenous) influences that are reflected in the design of an artwork or in the making of a craft or artifact	A7PL-IIh-4	OHSP Arts Module Q1
7. Shape and Form 8. Value 9.Color 10. Texture 11. Space	and processes among culturally diverse communities in the		7. create crafts that can be locally assembled with local materials, guided by local traditional techniques (e.g., habi, lilip, etc).	A7PR-IIc-e-1	
II. Principles of Art12. Rhythm, Movement	3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultura		derive elements from traditions/history of a community for one's artwork	A7PR-IIf-2	
 13. Balance 14. Emphasis 15. Harmony, Unity, Variety Proportion III. Process 16. Drawing and Painting 17. Sculpture and Assemblage 18. Mounting an exhibit: 18.1 Concept 18.2 Content / labels 18.3 Physical layout 	tradition from precolonial to present times		9. correlate the development of crafts in specific areas of the country, according to functionality, traditional specialized expertise, and availability of resources (e.g., architecture, weaving, pottery, accessories, masks, and culinary arts)	A7PR-IIf-3	OHSP Arts Module Q1
Arts and Crafts of MIMAROPA (Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, and Palawan) and the Visayas 1. Attire, Fabrics, and Tapestries 2. Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation 3. Architectures	 art elements and processes by synthesizing and applying prior knowledge and skills the salient feature of the arts of 	create artwork showing the characteristic elements of the arts of MIMAROPA and the Visayas	10. show the relationship of MIMAROPA and Visayas arts and crafts to Philippine culture, traditions, and history (Islamic influences, Spanish heritage, and American legacies in education, business,	A7PR-IIh-4	OHSP Arts Module Q1

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
 4. Sculptures (gods/rituals) 5. Everyday objects I. Elements of Art 6. Line 7. Shape and Form 8. Value 	MIMAROPA and the Visayan Islands by showing the relationship of the elements of art and processes among culturally		modernization, and entertainment, as well as in indigenous practices, fiestas, and religious and social practices) 11. mount an exhibit using		
9. Color 10. Texture 11. Space	diverse communities in the country		completed MIMAROPA- Visayan-inspired arts and crafts in an organized manner	A7PR-IIg-5	
12. Rhythm, Movement 13. Balance 14. Emphasis 15. Harmony, Unity, Variety Proportion III. Process 16. Drawing and Painting 17.Sculpture and Assemblage 18. Mounting an exhibit: 18.1 Concept 18.2 Content / labels 18.3 Physical layout	3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition from precolonial to present times				
GRADE 7- THIRD QUARTER					
 Arts and Crafts of Mindanao Attire, Fabrics and Tapestries Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation Architectures Sculptures (gods/rituals) Everyday objects 	The learner 1. art elements and processes by synthesizing and applying prior knowledge and skills	 The learner create artworks showing the characteristic elements of the arts of Mindanao exhibit completed artworks 	1. analyze elements and principles of art in the production one's arts and crafts inspired by the arts of Mindanao	A7EL-IIIb-1	

CONTENT	CONTENT	PERFORMANCE	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING
I. Elements of Art 6. Line 7. Shape and Form 8. Value 9. Color	2. the salient features of the arts of Mindanao by showing the relationship of the elements of art and	for appreciation and critiquing	identify characteristics of arts and crafts in specific areas in Mindanao (e.g.,		OHSP Arts Module Q1
 10. Texture 11. Space II. Principles of Art 12. Rhythm, Movement 13. Balance 14. Emphasis 15. Harmony, Unity, Variety 16. Proportion III. Process 17. Drawing and Painting 	processes among culturally diverse communities in the country 3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition from precolonial to present times		maritime vessel [balanghay] from Butuan, vinta from Zamboanga; Maranao's malong, brasswares, okir, panolong, torogan, and sarimanok; Yakan's fabric and face makeup and body ornamentation; T'boli's tinalak and accessories; Tawi-tawi's Pangalaydance, etc.	A7EL-IIIa-2	
18. Sculpture and Assemblage 19. Mounting an exhibit: 19.1 Concept 19.2 Content / labels 19.3 Physical layout			reflect on and derive the mood, idea, or message emanating from selected artifacts and art objects	A7PL-IIIh-1	
Arts and Crafts of Mindanao 1. Attire, Fabrics and Tapestries	art elements and processes by	create artworks showing the characteristic	4. appreciate the artifacts and art objects in terms of its utilization and their distinct use of art elements and principles	A7PL-IIIh-2	
 Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation Architectures Sculptures (gods/rituals) Everyday objects 	synthesizing and applying prior knowledge and skills 2. the salient features of the arts of	elements of the arts of Mindanao 2. exhibit completed artworks for appreciation and critiquing	5. incorporate the design, form, and spirit of artifacts and objects from Mindanao to one's creation	A7PL-IIIh-3	

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
I. Elements of Art 6. Line 7. Shape and Form 8. Value 9. Color 10. Texture 11. Space	Mindanao by showing the relationship of the elements of art and processes among culturally diverse communities in the country		6. trace the external (foreign) and internal (indigenous) influences that are reflected in the design of an artwork and in the making of a craft or artifact	A7PL-IIIh-4	OHSP Arts Module Q1
II. Principles of Art12. Rhythm, Movement13. Balance14. Emphasis15. Harmony, Unity, Variety16. Proportion	3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition from precolonial to present times		7. create crafts that can be locally assembled with local materials, guided by local traditional techniques (e.g., habi, lilip, etc).	A7PR-IIIc-e-1	
III. Process 17. Drawing and Painting			8. derive elements from traditions/history of a community for one's artwork	A7PR-IIIf-2	
18. Sculpture and Assemblage 19. Mounting an exhibit: 19.1 Concept 19.2 Content / labels 19.3 Physical layout			9. show the relationship of the development of crafts in specific areas of the country, according to functionality, traditional specialized expertise, and availability of resources (e.g., pottery, weaving, jewelry, and basketry)	A7PR-IIIf-3	OHSP Arts Module Q1
 Arts and Crafts of Mindanao 1. Attire, Fabrics and Tapestries 2. Crafts and Accessories, and Body Ornamentation 3. Architectures 4. Sculptures (gods/rituals) 5. Everyday objects 	 art elements and processes by synthesizing and applying prior knowledge and skills the salient features 	 create artworks showing the characteristic elements of the arts of Mindanao exhibit completed artworks for appreciation and critiquing 	10. show the relationship of Mindanao's arts and crafts to Philippine culture, traditions, and history, particularly with Islamic influences and indigenous (Lumad) practices	A7PR-IIIh-4	

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
I. Elements of Art 6. Line 7. Shape and Form 8. Value 9. Color 10. Texture 11. Space	of the arts of Mindanao by showing the relationship of the elements of art and processes among culturally diverse communities in the country		11. mount exhibit using completed Mindanao-inspired arts and crafts in an organized manner	A7PR-IIIg-5	
II. Principles of Art 12. Rhythm, Movement 13. Balance 14. Emphasis 15. Harmony, Unity, Variety 16. Proportion III. Process 17. Drawing and Painting 18. Sculpture and Assemblage 19. Mounting an exhibit: 19.1 Concept 19.2 Content / labels 19.3 Physical layout	3. the Philippines as having a rich artistic and cultural tradition from precolonial to present times				
GRADE 7- FOURTH QUARTER Festivals and Theatrical Forms	The learner	The learner	The learners:		OHSP Arts Module
Religious:					Q1
 Lucban, Quezon – Pahiyas Obando, Bulacan – Fertility Dance Marinduque- Moriones 	1. how theatrical elements (sound, music, gesture, movement ,and	create appropriate festival attire with accessories based on authentic festival costumes	identify the festivals and theatrical forms celebrated all over the country throughout the year	A7EL-IVa-1	

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
 4. Aklan – Ati-atihan 5. Cebu – Sinulog 6. Iloilo – Dinagyang 7. Santacruzan Nonreligious / Regional Festivals 8. Baguio- Panagbenga 	costume) affect the creation and communication of meaning in Philippine Festivals and Theatrical Forms as influenced by history	2. create/improvise appropriate sound, music, gesture, movements, and costume for a chosen theatrical composition	2. research on the history of the festival and theatrical composition and its evolution, and describe how the townspeople participate and contribute to the event	A7EL-IVb-2	OHSP Arts Module Q1
9. Bacolod – Maskara 10. Bukidnon – Kaamulan 11. Davao – Kadayawan Representative Philippine Theatrical Forms 12. Shadow Puppet Play	and culture 2. theater and performance as a synthesis of arts and a significant expression of the	3. take part in a chosen festival or in a performance in a theatrical play	3. identify the elements and principles of arts as seen in Philippine Festivals	A7EL-IVc-3	OHSP Arts Module Q1
13. Dance Drama14. Moro-moro15. Sarswela16. Senakulo	celebration of life in various Philippine communities		4. defines what makes each of the Philippine festivals unique through a visual presentation	A7PL-IVh-1	OHSP Arts Module Q1
 I. Elements of Art as Applied to Philippine Theater and Festivals: 17. Sound and Music 18. Gesture, Movement and Dance 19. Costume, Mask, Makeup and Accessories 20. Spectacle 			5. design the visual elements and components of the selected festival or theatrical form through costumes, props, etc.	A7PR-IVd-1	OHSP Arts Module Q1
II. Principles of Arts 21. Rhythm, Movement 22. Balance 23. Emphasis 24. Harmony, Unity, Variety	how theatrical elements (sound, music, gesture, movement ,and costume) affect the	create appropriate festival attire with accessories based on authentic festival costumes	6. analyze the uniqueness of each group's performance of their selected festival or theatrical form	A7PR-IVh-2	

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CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
25. ProportionIII. Process26. Designing for stage, costume, and props for a theatrical play	creation and communication of meaning in Philippine Festivals and Theatrical Forms as influenced by history	2. create/improvise appropriate sound, music, gesture, movements, and costume for a chosen theatrical composition	7. choreograph the movements and gestures reflecting the mood of the selected Philippine festival/theatrical form	A7PR-IVe-f-3	
or festival 27. Choreographing movement patterns and figures 28. Recreating a Philippine festival or staging a theatrical form	and culture 2. theater and performance as a synthesis of arts and	3.take part in a chosen festival or in a performance in a theatrical play	8. improvise accompanying sound and rhythm of the Philippine festival/theatrical form	A7PR-IVe-f-4	
	a significant expression of the celebration of life in various Philippine communities		9. perform in a group showcase of the selected Philippine festival/theatrical form	A7PR-IVg-5	

GRADE 8

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARDS	PERFORMANCE STANDARDS	LEARNING COMPETENCY	CODE	LEARNING MATERIALS
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GLOSSARY		
Abstract	art that exaggerates, is simplified or distorted	
Abstract art	Uses a visual language of form, color and line to create a composition, which may exist with a degree of independence from visual references in the world.	
Actual Texture	The existing surface quality of an object as communicated primarily the sense of touch	
Aesthetics	The branch of philosophy that deals with the nature and value of art	
Analogous	Colors next to each other on the color wheel that have a common hue	
Anime	Japanese movie and television animation	
Art Appreciation	the understanding and enjoyment or work concerned with the individual's solution of emotional reaction.	
Art Criticism Process	organized approach to the observation and evaluation of a work of art using description, analysis, interpretation and judgment	
Asymmetrical Balance	two sides of a composition are different, but have the same visual weight. Also called <i>Informal Balance</i>	
Background	the part of a work of art that appears to be in the back, farthest away from the viewer and closest to the horizon line	
Balance	principle of design that deals with arranging visual elements so that a composition has equal visual weight on each side of an imaginary middle line	
Balanghay	A maritime vessel of the early Filipinos	
Batik	a fabric printed by an Indonesian method of hand-printing textiles by coating with wax the parts not to be dyed	
Center of Interest	the focal point or area of emphasis	
Ceramics	sculpture or pottery made from clay	
Cityscape	a picture of the outside, with the city or buildings being the most important part	

	GLOSSARY
Color	element of art derived from reflected light. Color has three properties: hue, value and intensity
Color Schemes	purposely selected group of colors chosen for their unique relationship to one another. Types of color schemes include: monochromatic, analogous, complementary, triad, split- complementary
Color Wheel	a predetermined arrangement of the primary, secondary and intermediate colors on a circular wheel used to define color relationships
Complementary Colors	any two colors opposite each other on the color wheel. Ex. Red-green, blue-orange, yellow-violet
Composition	the arrangement of the elements and/or objects in an artwork. The way principles of art are used to organize elements
Contrast	a principle of design that refers to a difference between elements in an artwork
Cool Colors	colors around blue on the color wheel: green, blue, violet
Crayon resist	a wax crayon technique in making a design or art composition made by applying dark water colors especially black over a wax crayon sketch or drawing.
Creative	creative means making something new. Creative means the power to create. Creatively means one's power to produce a work of thought or imagination.
Creative Drawing	is an expression of essential form character, mainly objective in a more tangible and practical process.
Creative Expression	a visual interpretation of an idea or imagination, emotionally, intellectually, and aesthetically expressed.
Creative Painting	is a painting with or without a subject, done through the spirit of adventure, a subjective process in free emotional freedom and power to express color and its harmonic relationship.
Crosshatching	shading technique which uses layering of repeated, parallel lines indifferent directions to create the appearance of volume.
Curved line	is the result of the gradual change in the direction of line
Depth	distance between foreground, middleground and background

GLOSSARY		
Design	a visual plan, organization or arrangements of elements in a work of art. This is an orderly arrangement, a plan or a layout, or the organization of the elements of art, or producing a new form as an expression of man.	
Diagonal	Lines that slant	
Diorama	This is a three-dimensional picture of a scene done with miniature objects and with background with actual perspective.	
Discarded Materials	are throw-away materials that can still be made useful	
Diwali	Hindu "Festival of Lights"	
Dots and Dashes	a painting wherein the primary colors are used in the dots and dashes, the harmonious color effects or contrast taking place in the eyes.	
Drawing	it is the art of expressing or representing one's emotion, feeling, or idea into a concrete visual shape by the use of lines, values, or color. It is means of describing a pictured concept, imagination or representation by means of the use of lines as expressed by a pencil, charcoal, wax crayon, or other mediums.	
Drawing and Painting	a drawing is a sketch to conceive an idea into a composition and then finally painted with a medium most suited to give the finished product of art a distinct personality.	
Elements of Art	the language of art of the basic elements used when producing works ofart: Line, Shape, Form, Texture, Color, Value, Space	
Emphasis	the principle of design that stresses one element or area of a work of art tomake it attract the viewer's attention	
Emphasis	drawing of attention to important areas or objects in a work of art	
Etching	intaglio technique in which acid is used to incise lines in a metal plate. Includesaquatint, soft grounds and hard ground	
Ethnic design	art designs by indigenous people or ethnic groups	
Expression	an art in which the emphasis is on the inner emotions, sensations, or idea rather than an actual appearances.	
Festival	an annual celebration or festivity	

	GLOSSARY
Finger Puppets	puppets that are worn on the fingers.
Folktale	a story made up of stories about life, adventure, love and humor where one canderive lessons about life.
Foreground	The part of an artwork in the front, nearest or closest to the viewer andusually positioned at the bottom of the artwork
Form	an Element of art that has three dimensions (height, width and depth) and enclosesspace This denotes shapes like lines, may convey several ideas or emotionaleffects on the viewer
Formal Balance	two sides of a composition are identical. Also called SymmetricalBalance
Geometric	shapes or forms with mathematical names that can be defined usingmathematical formulas: circle, triangle, square, sphere, cube, prism, pyramid
Gong-bi	Realist technique in Chinese painting
Habi	An act of weaving
Hanunuo	One of the Mangyan groups who inhabit the islands of Mindoro
Harmony	is one element of art that shows the combination of colors.
Hatching	shading technique that uses layering of repeated, parallel lines to create theappearance of volume
Headdress	a covering, accessory or band for the head
Horizon	a line where the sky and ground appear to meet
Hue	Another name for color. Hue is related to the wavelength of the reflected light
Ikat	fabric made using an Indonesian decorative technique in which warp or weft threads, or both, are tie-dyed before weaving
Illusion of Depth	feeling or appearance of distance created by color, value, line, placement and size on a flat surface

GI OSSARY

GLOSSARY		
Illusion of Space	is the effect of using different lines with different characteristics that gives meaning or feeling the artist wanted to show in his artwork.	
Informal Balance	two sides of a composition have the same visual weight, but the lines, shapes and colors are not the same. Also called <i>Asymmetrical Balance</i>	
Intensity	the brightness or dullness of a color. It is the strength or the weakness of a color to make it about or be lost in the presence of other colors.	
Intermediate Colors	colors created by the combination of a primary and a secondary color that are next to each other on the color wheel: yellow-orange, red-orange, red-violet, blue-violet, blue-green, yellow-green. Also called tertiary colors	
Katak	eighth month of the Nanakshahi calendar	
Landscape	a painting or drawing showing a view of natural scene, such as mountain, fields or forests.	
Lightness of colors	when white is added to a color	
Lilip	Filipino term for hemstitch	
Line	is a geometrical figure which is made by the movement of a point. It has length only no width,nor thickness. Point indicates position and has neither thickness nor width.Like any other geometrical figure, line and point are imaginary. Visually or in art, a line has thickness and length. A line may have different qualities. It may be light or fine, heavy or thick, and uniform or varied.	
Linear Perspective	a system of drawing or painting to give the illusion of depth on a flatsurface. All parallel lines receding into the distance are drawn to one or more imaginary vanishing points on the horizon in such a work	
Logo	is a kind of art that uses either universal symbol ,icons to represent the idea of acertain company or group in a minimal representation in a canvass	
Lumad	a group of indigenous people of the southern Philippines	
Malong	a traditional "tube skirt" made of handwoven or machine-made multi-colored cotton cloth	

	GLOSSARY
Mandala	Hindu or Buddhist graphic symbol of the universe
Manga	Japanese genre of cartoons, comic books, and animated films
Mangyan	A generic name for eight indigenous groups found in the islands of Mindoro
Manunggul	A secondary burial jar excavated from a Neolithic burial site
Marbling	process of making marble like especially in coloration
Mask	a covering of all parts of the face, in particular
Medium	material, such as pencil, pen, waercolors, oil paint, pastel, acrylic paint, clay,wood, stone, found objects, etc., used to create art. Plural is Media
Mendhi	Hindu practice of painting hands and feet
Middleground	an area in an artwork between the foreground and background
Mobiles	a three-dimensional sculptural form of art made of hanging units. It is enjoyed more when it moves in the wind.
Modeling	an excellent means of self-expression as well as well as of representation in three-dimensional media. The art object is built up little by little by adding on particles or lumps of mud or clay.
Moriones	Annual festival held on Holy Week in Marinduque.
Mosaic	a surface decoration made by inlaying in patterns small pieces of variously colored papers, glass, stone, or other materials.
Neutral Colors	color category that encompasses whites, grays, blacks and browns
Okir	Geometric, flowing designs and folk motifs usually found in Maranao and Muslim-influenced artwork
Origami	Japanese art of paper folding

	GLOSSARY
Overlap	occupy the same area in part
Overlapping	placing one object in front of another to show depth
Paint	pigment mixed with oil or water
Painting	to make an artwork using wet media such as tempera or watercolor paints
Pangalay	traditional "fingernail" dance of the Tausūg people
Paper Mache	a combination of paper pulp, paste, and a little glue to form a shape or form.
Paper Sculpture	a three-dimensional art expressed in modeling, carving, sculpturing and architecture in which form is the sense of this type of art expression.
Pattern	a choice of lines, colors and/or shapes repeated over and over in a planned way
Perspective	a way of creating the illusion of depth on a two-dimensional surface
Pewter	silver-gray alloys of tin with various amounts of antimony, copper, and sometimes lead, used widely for fine kitchen utensils and tableware
Pigment	any coloring matter mixed with a liquid or binder to make paint, ink,crayons, etc.
Pointillism	applying small stroke or dots of color to a surface.
Point of View	angle from which the viewer sees an object
Portrait	an artwork that shows a specific person or animal. Often shows only the face
Primary Colors	the first colors from which all other spectrum are mixed: red, yellow,blue
Principles of Design	the rules by which an artist organizes the Elements of Art to createa work of art: Balance, Emphasis, Contrast/Variety,

GLOSSARY		
	Rhythm/Repetition, Unity, Proportion	
Print	the artwork made by printing; transfer of a design or to stamp a design on a Material	
Printing	an art process by which a certain design is on a tool used for stamping . Thedesign is then stamped on paper or other surfaces.	
Print design	is the process of creating and formatting projects using layout softwarethat is ready to be printed	
Proportion	the pleasing relationship among the various elements of arts, the size relationships of parts to a whole and to each other	
Puppet	puppets are moved by people. They use their hands to pretend that the puppetsare talking and moving. Puppets are either in string, finger and stick and madeto move by a puppeteer.	
Puppeteer	a person who manipulates the puppet.	
Puppet Show	a show or entertainment in which the performers are puppets	
Radial Balance	type of balance in which lines, shapes or elements branch out from acentral point in a circular pattern	
Rangoli	Hindu tradition of floor painting	
Realistic	art that shows life as it is. Art that aims to reproduce things as they appear	
Relief Printmaking	technique in which the image is printed form a raised surface, usually by cutting away non-image area. Includes linocut, woodcut, collagraphand etching.	
Rhythm	defined as organized movement. In the visual arts, organized movement means that our eye should travel from one unit to another with ease and pleasure.	
Recycling	the process of to extracting useful materials from trash and using in an artwork.	
Sarimanok	Legendary bird of the Maranao people	
Scale	the relative size of an object as compared to other objects, to the environment orthe human figure	

	GLOSSARY		
Scribbling	a painting technique, the design caused by pulling the drawing paper placed on top of a wet water color painting over a glass.		
Sculpture	three-dimensional artwork (width, height and depth)		
Seascape	a picture of the outside, with the body of water being the most important part		
Secondary Colors	color made by mixing two primary colors: orange, violet, green		
Shade	the dark value of a color made by mixing black with a color. The opposite of tint		
Shading	the use of a range of values to define form		
Shape	an element of art. Shape is enclosed space having only two dimensions(height x width)		
Simulated stained glass	a simulation of stained glass figures or objects are made of cut-ups from transparent paper as oil paper and arranged as in mosaic.		
Sketching	is an incomplete work of art which may lack details and color. It is a guide used byan artist to produce his final work of art.		
Slogan	is a phrase used in a repetitive expression of an idea or purpose.		
Space	an element of art that refers to the emptiness between, around, above, below, orwithin objects. The distance around and between things. An area that can be filledwith an art element		
Stencil	an impenetrable material (as a sheet of paper) perforated with design throughwhich a substance (as ink, paint or wax) is forced onto a surface to be printed.		
Stick Puppet	is a type of puppet made of cardboard and sticks.		
Still Life	An arrangement of inanimate objects		
Stippling	A shading technique which uses layering of repeated dots to create theappearance of volume		
String puppet	is known as marionette and is operated by using the hands.		

	GLOSSARY
Subject	the image that viewers can easily recognize in a work of art
Symbol	an image that stands for an idea or has a meaning other than its outwardappearance
Symmetrical Balance	two sides of a composition are identical. Also called FormalBalance
T'boli	one of the indigenous peoples of South Cotabato
Texture	element of art that refers to how things feel or how they might look on thesurface
Theme	the most important idea or subject in a composition; the subject of a work of art, sometimes with a number of phrases or variations
Three-Dimensional	artwork that has height, width and depth
Tinalak	Fabric made from a fruit-bearing abaca plan
Tint	light value of a color made by mixing white with a color
Torogan	Palace of the Maranao Sultan
Transfer	to print or to copy from one surface to another
Two-Dimensional	artwork that is flat or measured in only two ways (height and width)
Value	tells about the lightness and darkness of a color.
Variation of colors	different kinds of colors like primary, secondary.
Variation of shapes	different kinds of shapes like square, circle, triangle, etc.
Warm colors	colors like red, orange and yellow that can make us feel warm and happy
Unity	principle of design that relates to the sense of wholeness in an artwork. A coherent relationship among the elements in a work of art

GLOSSARY		
Value	element of art that refers to lightness or darkness of gray or a color	
Vanishing Point	point on the horizon where receding parallel lines seem to meet	
Variety	principle of design concerned with difference or contrast	
Vinta	A traditional sailboat found in Mindanao	
Warm Colors	colors around orange on the color wheel: red, orange, yellow	
Wayang	Shadow puppets from Indonesia	
Wau	A Malaysian kite	
Weaving	interlacing two sets of parallel threads. Decorative art made by interlocking one material into other materials	
Yakan	Muslim group in Basilan	

CODE BOOK LEGEND

Sample: A10PR-If-4

LEGEN	D	SAMPLE	
First Entry	Learning Area and Strand/ Subject or Specialization	Art	A10
First End y	Grade Level	Grade 10	
Uppercase Letter/s	Domain/Content/ Component/ Topic	Process	PR
	-		
Roman Numeral *Zero if no specific quarter	Quarter	First Quarter	I
Lowercase Letter/s *Put a hyphen (-) in between letters to indicate more than a specific week	Week	Week six	f
	-		
Arabic Number	Competency	Evaluate works of art in terms of artistic concepts and ideas using criteria from the various art movements	4

DOMAIN/ COMPONENT	CODE
Elements	EL
Principles	PL
Processes	PR

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